

# Travelling through Basilicata


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A vibrant green field of grass stretches across the foreground and middle ground, leading up to a gentle rise in the distance. The sky is a clear, bright blue, dotted with a few fluffy white clouds. A single, bare tree stands on the horizon line to the left. A yellow speech bubble with a black border is positioned in the center-right of the image, containing Latin text.

Good morning, my name is  
Horace.

I am considered the greatest Latin  
poet with Virgilio and

I was born in these areas. If you  
want to discover this region ...

**carpe diem!**

# This is me!

- I was born in Venosa in the First Century B.C.
- I like good food, good wine and of course writing poems and tales.



# Where is Basilicata?

- It borders on:
- Puglia in the **north**,
- Calabria in the **south**,
- Puglia and Ionian Sea in the **east**,
- Campania and Tyrrhenian Sea in the **west**.

– **It overlooks the sea in two parts!**

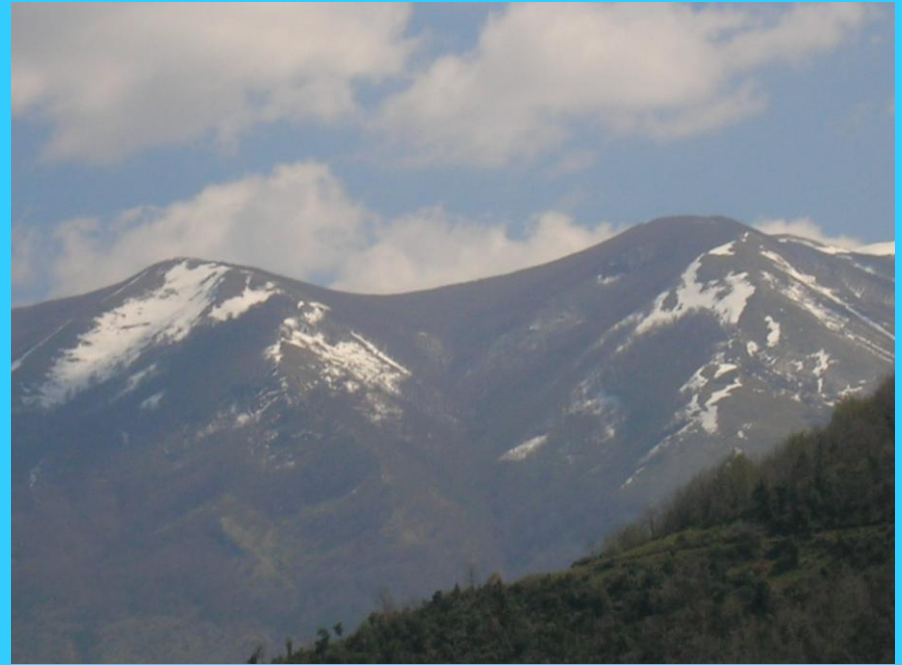


# Morphology



# Morphology

- Most of region is mountainous and hilly, crossed from the Apennines of Lucania.
- The most important mountains are:
- Vulture in the north;
- Pollino and Sirino in the south;
- the only plain is the **plain of Metaponto**.



# Hydrography



# Hydrography:

- **LAKES:**
  - Monticchio lakes are of volcanic origin, born on the craters of Mount Vulture;
  - Sirino lake.
- **RIVERS:**
  - Bradano, Basento, Agri and Sinni.







**SEAS...**

**... AND COASTS**



# SEAS AND COASTS

- On the Tyrrhenian Sea, coast of Maratea it is not very extensive, high, jagged, full of bays.
- On the Ionian Sea, at the plain of Metaponto, the coast is low and sandy.



The climate is continental in the mountains and hills...



**and mediterranean along the  
coast and on the plains!**



# *Famous people born in Basilicata*

**This is the monument  
dedicated to me!**

Other famous people of  
the past are:

Manfredi (king);  
Giustino Fortunato  
(statesman);  
Carmine Crocco (brigand).

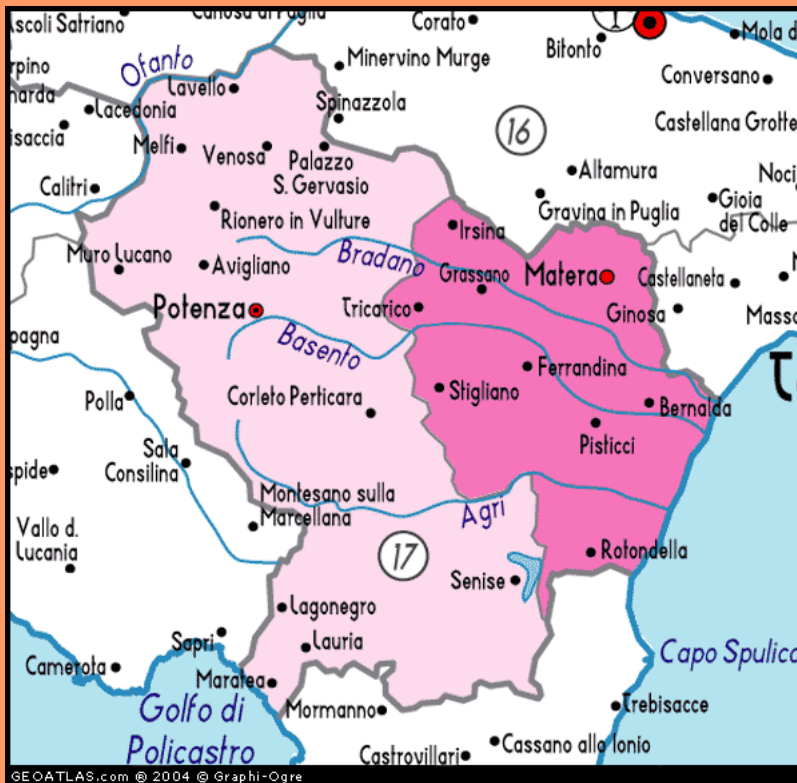


# The history of Basilicata

- Once called Lucania, with the Emperor Augustus took the name of Basilicata, from the greek *basilikos* (governor). Destination of Greek colonization, was then conquered by the Romans, Normans, Angevins and then unified to Italy.



# Population and cities



- It is a sparsely populated region. There is a strong emigration.
- There is an Albanian minority.
- The capitals are Potenza (regional capital) and Matera.







# **ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES**

# Economic activities

- Agriculture is an important economic resource.
- In Melfi, there is the establishment of FIAT and in the region there are deposits of oil!





# Tourism

- You can choose an artistic and cultural route ... through medieval castles and Roman monuments.
- So you can visit Venosa, Melfi, Ripacandida and the stones of Matera.

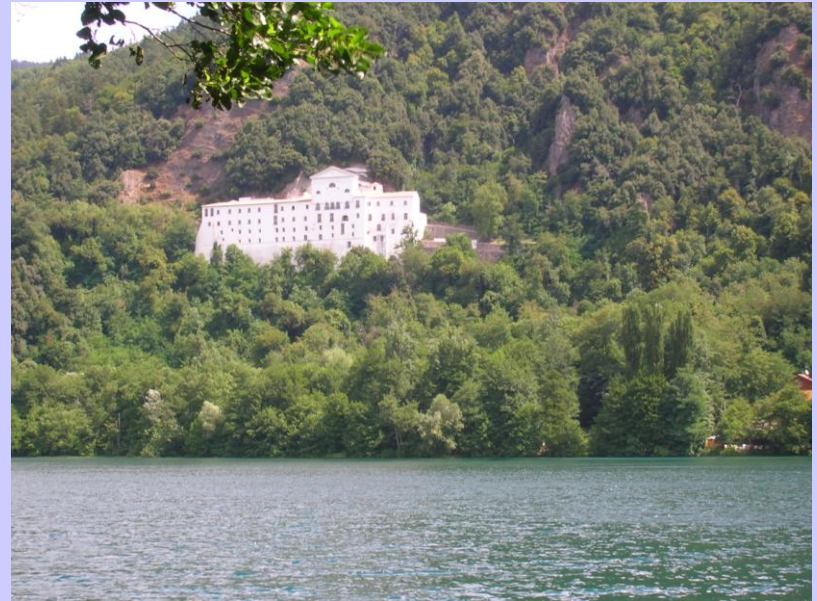






# Tourism

- Or you can choose a natural and adventurous tour, with trips to the seaside, mountains and national parks.
- In Basilicata there are the Lucane Dolomites, where you can ... fly!








Food



# Typical products



- Oil, peppers, homemade pasta, pork and wild boar salami, cheese.
- Sweets: bocconotti pizzicannelli, mastaccioli.
- Aglianico wine.



See you soon and  
remember: SEIZE  
THE DAY  
(Horace)